



Daffodil International University
Department of Electrical and Electronic Engineering
Faculty of Engineering
Midterm Examination, Summer-2026

Course Code: 0541-111
Section: A, B, C, D, E, F
Full Marks: 25

Course Title: Differential and Integral Calculus
Level-Term: L1-T1
Exam Date: June 27, 2026

Teacher's Initial: SDN, TRS
Time: 1.5 Hours

*[Answer all the following questions sequentially]
[The second right-most column indicates the COs with the respective Bloom's level]
[The right-most column indicates the assigned marks]*

Q1. (a) Define continuity.

CO-1 2

(b) If $u = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$ then find $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$, $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2}$ and $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y \partial x}$

C(1) 3

Q2. A function is defined as follows

CO-1 3

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & x < 0 \\ 1 + \sin x, & 0 \leq x < \pi/2 \\ 2 + \left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2, & x \geq \pi/2 \end{cases}$$

C(2)

Discuss the continuity at $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$ and differentiability at $x = 0$.

Q3. (a) Determine the values of c that satisfy the mean value theorem for $f(x) = x^3 - x^2 + x + 8$ on $[-3, 4]$ and **explain** the geometrical meaning of that point.

CO-2 3

C(3)

(b) For $y = (x + \sqrt{1+x^2})^m$, **show** that $(1+x^2)y_{n+2} + (2n+1)xy_{n+1} + (n^2 - m^2)y_n = 0$ using the Leibnitz theorem.

CO-2 4

C(3)

Q4. (a) In a signal processing application, the instantaneous voltage of an AC signal is given by

CO-3 5

C(3)

$$v(t) = V_m \sin(\omega t)$$

where $V_m = 10 \text{ V}$ and $\omega = 100 \text{ rad/s}$.

(i) **Construct** a fifth-order Maclaurin polynomial.

(ii) **Calculate** $v(t)$ at $t = 0.01 \text{ s}$ with error.

(iii) **Calculate** the upper bound of the error using Lagrange's form of remainder.

(b) The power developed in a resistor R by a battery of emf E and internal resistance

CO-3 5

C(3)

r is given by $P(R) = \frac{E^2 R}{(R+r)^2}$. **Calculate** the maximum power developed in the resistor.