

Daffodil International University

Faculty of Science & Information Technology
Department of Computer Science and Engineering
Midterm Examination, Summer-2026

Course Code: CSE432, Course Title: Natural Language Processing

Level: 4 Term: 2 Batch: 64

Time: 1.5 Hours

Marks: 25

Answer ALL Questions

[The figures in the right margin indicate the full marks and corresponding course outcomes. All portions of each question must be answered sequentially.]

1.	a)	Stemming and lemmatization are two preprocessing techniques used in NLP. Discuss their advantages and limitations with proper example.	[3]	CO1											
	b)	Consider the following two documents: D1: Chelsea Beats Barcelona but lost to Madrid. D2: Barcelona Beats Madrid but lost to Chelsea.													
	i)	BoW (Using unigram) model is used for finding similarity between documents. Is it possible to apply here? If possible then find similarity to these documents.	[3]												
	ii)	Does this approach reflect the context of the sentence? If not, propose a model that can help to overcome the limitations of previous model with proof.	[4]												
2.		A Naïve Bayes classifier is developed to classify short text descriptions into two classes: Food and Technology . The training dataset is shown below: <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Description</th><th>Class</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Sweet Juicy Apple</td><td>Food</td></tr><tr><td>Fresh Banana Juice</td><td>Food</td></tr><tr><td>Smart handy Phone</td><td>Technology</td></tr><tr><td>Fast Computer</td><td>Technology</td></tr></tbody></table> Test string: "Blue Phone"			Description	Class	Sweet Juicy Apple	Food	Fresh Banana Juice	Food	Smart handy Phone	Technology	Fast Computer	Technology	CO2
Description	Class														
Sweet Juicy Apple	Food														
Fresh Banana Juice	Food														
Smart handy Phone	Technology														
Fast Computer	Technology														
	a)	Calculate prior probabilities and likelihood for the given problem.	[2]												
	b)	Determine the predicted class for the document using Naïve Bayes.	[3]												
3.		Consider the following training dataset: <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Description</th><th>Class</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Furry, Tail</td><td>Animal</td></tr><tr><td>Engine, Wheels</td><td>Vehicle</td></tr><tr><td>Sweet, Juicy</td><td>Fruit</td></tr></tbody></table> The test sentence is: "Furry, Sweet".			Description	Class	Furry, Tail	Animal	Engine, Wheels	Vehicle	Sweet, Juicy	Fruit			
Description	Class														
Furry, Tail	Animal														
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	Consider the weight and bias matrix for the hidden layer: $W^{(1)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & 0.4 & -0.3 & -0.2 & 0.6 & 0.1 \\ 0.2 & 0.3 & 0.5 & 0.4 & -0.1 & 0.2 \end{bmatrix}$ $b^{(1)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1 \\ 0.2 \end{bmatrix}$ Consider the following weight and bias matrix for output layer. $W^{(2)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.6 & 0.2 \\ 0.3 & 0.7 \\ 0.5 & 0.4 \end{bmatrix} \quad b^{(2)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1 \\ 0.1 \\ 0.2 \end{bmatrix}$ The actual class of the test sample is: $y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$		
a)	Draw the architecture of the ANN network that can be used to solve the given problem highlighting minimum input nodes, hidden layers, nodes in the hidden layers and output layers with necessary nodes. Complete the necessary tasks prior to the designing.	[2]	CO2
b)	Calculate the values of the nodes of the hidden layer using sigmoid function.	[3]	
c)	Compute the final output probabilities using the Softmax function and predict the class.	[3]	
d)	Compute the Cross-Entropy Loss of the prediction.	[2]	