



Daffodil International University
Faculty of Science & Information Technology
Department of Computer Science and Engineering
Final Examination, Fall-2025
Course Code: PHY101, Course Title: Physics I
Level: 1 Term: 2 Batch: 69

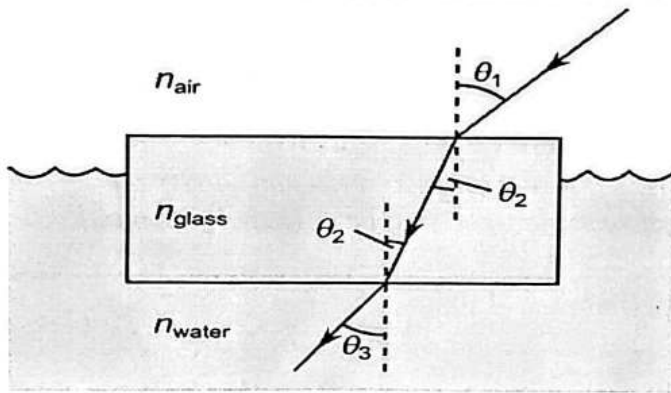
Time: 2 Hour

Marks: 40

Answer ALL Questions

[The figures in the right margin indicate the full marks and corresponding course outcomes. All portions of each question must be answered sequentially.]

1.	a)	Recall the concept of interference of light.	1	CO1
	b)	State the Zeroth Law of Thermodynamics.	1	
	c)	List the disadvantages and application of optical fibre.	2	
	d)	Write down difference between reversible and irreversible process.	2	
	e)	Identify the concepts of Isothermal, Adiabatic, Isochoric, and Isobaric thermodynamic processes.	2	
	f)	Define the plane of vibration and the plane of polarization, and illustrate with diagram.	2	
2.	a)	During a school laboratory demonstration, a Carnot engine is shown operating between two thermal reservoirs. Describe , using the Carnot cycle, how you would calculate the total work done by the engine.	4	CO2
	b)	During a field trip, using monochromatic light on a curved glass lens placed on a flat glass plate, you observe circular bright and dark rings on the surface. Illustrate the wavelength of the light using the Newton's Rings experiment, and explain the role of the thin air film between the lens and the plate in creating these rings.	3+1	
	c)	A fish inside an aquarium observes an object located outside the tank in air. Demonstrate Snell's law for the refraction of light, and show the refractive index condition for the bending of light when it passes from one medium to another.	3+1	
	d)	Compare the pressures of two containers of the same volume, one containing light molecules and the other heavy molecules, if both have the same total kinetic energy. Interpret the expression for the pressure of an ideal gas using kinetic theory and show that $PV = \frac{1}{3} Mc^2$	3	
3.	a)	In Young's double slit experiment the distance between two slits 0.3 mm. The distance of the screen from the slits is 1 m. In an experiment in air the distance of the 8th bright fringe from the central bright fringe is 6.2 mm. Keeping the arrangement into water the observation was taken ($n_w = 4/3$) (i) Find the wavelength light used in the experiment. (ii) Analyze what change in the fringe will take place when the arrangement of the setup is kept into water.	3	

b)	Find the change in entropy in converting 0.50 kg ice at 0°C to water at 100°C. The specific latent heat of fusion of ice is $3.36 \times 10^6 \text{ Jkg}^{-1}$	3	CO3
c)	A sample of air at 27°C is expanded to 2.5 times its original volume suddenly and adiabatically. (i) Determine the final temperature. (ii) Determine the final pressure if the initial pressure was 1 atm. ($\gamma = 1.40$)	3	
d)	The efficiency of a Carnot engine is $\frac{1}{6}$. If on reducing the temperature of the sink by 65°C, the efficiency becomes $\frac{1}{3}$. Find the temperatures of the source and the sink between which the engine is working.	3	
e)	 A ray of light is incident from air on glass at an angle of $\theta_1 = 30^\circ$. The light then enters a water medium. Given: the refractive index of air: $n_{\text{air}} = 1.0$ water: $n_{\text{water}} = 1.33$ and glass: $n_{\text{glass}} = 1.5$. Calculate the i) The angle of refraction in glass (θ_2) ii) The angle of refraction in water (θ_3)	3	