



Daffodil International University
Department of Electrical and Electronic Engineering
Faculty of Engineering
Midterm Examination, Summer-2026

Course Code: 0541-111
Section: A, B, C, D, E, F
Full Marks: 25

Course Title: Differential and Integral Calculus
Level-Term: LI-TI
Exam Date: June 27, 2026
by- Tanvir
Time: 1.5 Hours

*[Answer all the following questions sequentially]
[The second right-most column indicates the COs with the respective Bloom's level]
[The right-most column indicates the assigned marks]*

- Q1.** (a) **Define** continuity. CO-1 2
 (b) If $u = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$ then **find** $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$, $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2}$ and $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y \partial x}$ C(1) 3
- Q2.** A function is defined as follows CO-1 3

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & x < 0 \\ 1 + \sin x, & 0 \leq x < \pi/2 \\ 2 + \left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2, & x \geq \pi/2 \end{cases}$$
C(2)
- Discuss** the continuity at $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$ and differentiability at $x = 0$.
- Q3.** (a) **Determine** the values of c that satisfy the mean value theorem for $f(x) = x^3 - x^2 + x + 8$ on $[-3, 4]$ and **explain** the geometrical meaning of that point. CO-2 3
C(3)
 (b) For $y = (x + \sqrt{1+x^2})^m$, **show** that $(1+x^2)y_{n+2} + (2n+1)xy_{n+1} + (n^2 - m^2)y_n = 0$ using the Leibnitz theorem. CO-2 4
C(3)
- Q4.** (a) In a signal processing application, the instantaneous voltage of an AC signal is given by CO-3 5
C(3)
- $$v(t) = V_m \sin(\omega t)$$
- where $V_m = 10 \text{ V}$ and $\omega = 100 \text{ rad/s}$.
- (i) **Construct** a fifth-order Maclaurin polynomial.
 (ii) **Calculate** $v(t)$ at $t = 0.01 \text{ s}$ with error.
 (iii) **Calculate** the upper bound of the error using Lagrange's form of remainder.
- (b) The power developed in a resistor R by a battery of emf $\hat{E}$ and internal resistance r is given by $P(R) = \frac{E^2 R}{(R+r)^2}$. **Calculate** the maximum power developed in the resistor. CO-3 5
C(3)