

# DaffodilInternationalUniversity

## **DepartmentofComputerScienceandEngineering** FacultyofScience&InformationTechnology

Midterm Examination, Fall 2021 @ DIU Blended Learning Center

Term: 2

Course Code: GED 121/GED201/GED334 Course Title: Bangladesh StudiesLevel:1 Section: All

Instructor: AllModality:OpenBookExam

Time: 2 Hours 30 Minutes Marks: 25

#### Directions:

- Read the questions carefully and organize your answers properly to meet the requirement of each question.
- Your answers will be marked based on their relevance, originality and conceptual clarity.
- Donotshare your answers asthiswillbetreatedasplagiarismby the BlendedLearningCenter.

## 1. Determine whether each of the following statement is true or false:

[1X7=07]

- a. Bangladesh is an ethnically heterogeneous country.
- Social stratification facilitatessocial equity in Bangladesh.
- Indo-Aryan people came to Bengal from the East part of Europe.
- d. Bangladesh has abundant mineral resources to meet her demands.
- e. The geopolitical importance of Bangladesh is declining with time.
- f. The Honorable President is the head of the stateof Bangladesh as per the constitution
- g. Bangla language has been enriched by the incorporation of words from other languages.

## 2. Answer any two (02) of the following questions in brief:

[5X2=10]

- a. Highlight the major geographic strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats of Bangladesh.
- b. Identify the advantages that Bangalees relish for being a mixed-blood nation with suitable examples.
- Evaluate the progress of Bangladesh in the global arena underlining the recent achievements.

## 3. Answer any one (01) of the following two analytical questions:

[8X1=08]

- a. The Bangladeshi constitution enjoys the status of being the supreme law of the land. It outlines the rights of the citizens and the powers of the government. However, the document is not without its flaws. Critically evaluate any strengths or limitations that you have noticed in the constitution.
- Bangladesh has the 8th largest population in the world and currently has a demographic dividend. Given that 65% of the working population is below the age of 65 and relatively young, do you think the large, young workforce is an asset or burden to Bangladesh? Explain your answer.