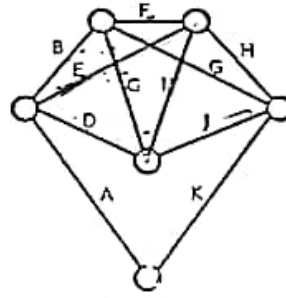


Graph:- G



Graph:- H

4. a) The city of Graphville is planning to lay down fiber-optic cables to connect its 9 administrative zones. Each zone is represented as a node in the map below. The roads between the zones (edges) are already established, and the cost of laying fiber along each road (weight) is known and shown on the map.

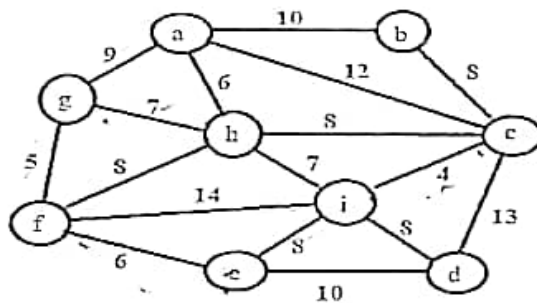
[6]

CO3

As the chief network engineer of Graphville, your goal is to ensure that every zone is connected to the fiber-optic network directly or indirectly, but you must minimize the total cost of laying the cables. Redundant paths are to be avoided to save budget, so no cycles should be present in the final layout.

You are asked to:

1. Identify the set of roads (edges) you will choose to lay fiber such that all zones are connected with minimum total cost (i.e. Minimum Spanning Tree) using Prim's Algorithm.
2. Calculate the total cost of laying the cables using your selected connections.



- b) Consider the following scenario:

[4]

A Job Fair is organized by DIU. There are two distinct groups attending the event. Group A (Students) consist of 4 final-year computer science students – Ramit, Alo, Mustahid and Foysal. Group B (Companies) consist of 3 tech companies – Innōvix, CodeCraft, and NexaSoft. Each student is required to connect with every company for interviews, and each company wants to interview every student. This creates a situation where every student must be connected to every company, but students do not connect with other students, and companies do not connect with other companies.

- i) Represent this phenomena with an undirected graph
- ii) Define the type of graph
- iii) Prove handshaking theorem of that graph.